

Dutch Flat Enquirer.

E. B. ROUST, : : : : EDITOR.

THURSDAY, JUNE : : 11, 1863.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity are invited to meet at the National Hotel this (Thursday) evening at half past seven o'clock, for the purpose of taking measures for the proper celebration of the coming National Anniversary. MANY CITIZENS.

NEW SYSTEM.—We have inaugurated a new system in our business affairs, and hope our friends will assist us in carrying it out. Hereafter, at the expiration of each month we will call on those who advertise with us and present our bill, which we hope to have settled. This course, on our part, is imperative, for the following reasons: First, we have no other means whereby we can buy bread and meat for ourself and family but by getting it from those we do work for. Second, when we send an order below for paper, ink, or type—by the by, we have new type for the paper, which improves it wonderfully—we are compelled to accompany the order with the money, which we are unable to do—unless we collect monthly. Third, we are like many others, want work done for us; we eat, sleep, wear clothes, and drink—water—all of which we have to buy, and persons are unaccommodating enough to require payment for us to come to time unless we collect monthly. Fourth, by pursuing the "new system" our friends are not required to go to such an extraordinary depth into the pockets of their unmentionable to liquidate their bills; it enables us to pay what we justly owe, and occasionally buy a new dress for our wife; it keeps us friends with those with whom we do business; it obviates disputes, renders all justice and secures us our due which is impossible, unless we collect monthly.

RAILROAD INJUNCTIONS.—Our readers will remember that we protested against certain parties in this and other counties attempting to obstruct the construction of the Pacific Railroad by suing out injunctions upon the supervisors of the several counties, restraining them from issuing the bonds to the Railroad company as contemplated by the late act of the Legislature. Since that time, decisions have been rendered by the Judges of the Sixth and Eleventh Districts, dissolving the suits and dissolving the restraints placed upon the Supervisors of Placer and Sacramento counties. This action on the part of the Judges, will meet the approbation of a very large majority of the tax-payers of both counties, and will serve to satisfy the objections of those who thought it incumbent upon them to interfere in behalf of the two counties. We doubt whether any further action will be taken in the matter, as the decisions, coming as they do, from two of the most eminent jurists on the bench in the State, will carry conviction to the minds of all as to the Constitutionality of the measure and the purely legal deductions made by themselves. There being nothing now to delay or hinder the operations of the Railroad company we shall look with a degree of anxiety, for all the perseverance and energy to be displayed by that corporation commensurate with the importance of the undertaking in which they are engaged. The people of the State, and more especially the people of the counties that have so nobly stepped forward to assist in the work, have a right to hold this company to a strict accountability for the faithful performance of all the promises made by it, and to exact a rigid fulfillment. And we think the people will avail themselves of their rights.

GOOD TIME COMING.—We learn from Mr. Arnstein, of this place, that it is the intention of Mr. Kidd of Nevada, to immediately commence the construction of a ditch to this place, for the purpose of adding in the supply of water to the large number of claims who are now compelled to put up with a limited supply. This enterprise is not contemplated for the object of opposition, but for the purpose of assisting our water companies at this place to supply the urgent demand of the many miners in this vicinity. We hope when this ditch is completed to hear no more complaints of the want of water, and we feel confident we shall have less pressure in monetary matters.

Since the above was in type we have learned that it was almost—if not quite—a "goak." That Mr. Kidd has not got the management of the ditch, and if he had he wouldn't bring the water in here, and if he did the water wouldn't be good. So that "good time" has gone kiting, unless the railroad can afford to haul it to us on one of its trips.

The members of the two wings of the Democratic party throughout the county are holding love-feasts, and are nearly crazy with their new born love for each other, last year they were anxious to cut each others' throats; what a pity that would have been, it would have prevented their fraternizing now, and then the Republicans would have secured all the offices, which catastrophe alone prevented them from carrying into execution their praiseworthy and patriotic intentions. The untimely, however, expect to have things their own way this year; and if they have the luck they wish themselves will no doubt succeed, when we will again be troubled with good officers, a prompt execution of the laws and a general administration of affairs characterized by honesty and fidelity, whereas, if the people could be brought to understand their most vital interests, and be induced to vote the Republican ticket, we should not be burdened with any of these evils. Guess the dear peeps understand a thing or two.

THANKS to the proprietors of the Dutch Flat News Depot for the many courtesies extended to us during the past month, in the shape of late newspapers and pictorials, of which they get a full supply every mail steamer. They also keep an excellent assortment of School and Miscellaneous books and stationery which they sell at reasonable prices. Their stocks of confectionery and toys will be found good, pleasing and palatable; and their cutlery and pens useful and handy.

LUSCIOUS.—Those strawberries Dr. Nelson of this place presented us on Sunday last. The Dr. has the largest patch of strawberries, we believe, in town; they are certainly large and well favored. Wouldn't mind taking some more of the same sort. Doc.

GENTLEMEN.—The fellow that does this dirty work of the *Merced Banner*—and there is not much else done there—goes a long way out of his course to slander, vilify and lie about us. He takes us to task for publishing, in the column headed "State news," the following item:

Purnett, the "seesh" individual who got his name in the papers and himself into Alcatraz for riding through the town of Red Bluffs, waving the "Stars and Bars," yelling for Jeff. Davis, a few weeks ago, was released from confinement last Saturday upon taking the oath of allegiance and giving bonds for his future good behavior. Its playing the "oath" low down to let such fellows take it.

This fellow, except to the language used in the item, and predicates what he vomits, from premises as false as his own depraved heart. He must have seen at the head of the column in which the item appeared "extracted from our exchanges," thus giving a general credit for all matter contained therein. Presuming that he saw this and understood it, as he pretends to be a printer and an editor, he must have committed this breach upon us wilfully and knowingly. He lugs us in privately and officially, and says that we politically endorse the Emancipation proclamation, and many other things as false as those we have named. He then says that we presided here at the celebration on last fourth of July; at which time W. D. Harriman delivered an Abolition oration, and that we proposed three cheers for the Union; that we did preside, is true; that we did propose three cheers for the Union, is true—and they were given with a will too; that we have said many hard things about the political course of President Lincoln, is true, but that ever we compared the man to a dog, is a lie, and L. P. Hall, whom we suspect as the author of the article alluded to—knew it to be a contemptible falsehood at the time of writing it; that we or any else knew the character of the oration before it was delivered, is also false. In fact the whole article—except such portions as are admitted—abounds with lies, ill-feeling and a disposition to injure us. There is a strange blending of truth with falsehood, in alluding to our presiding at the last fourth of July celebration, he says: "We are informed that this same E. B. Roust presided over the celebration of the last fourth of July at Dutch Flat, where Abolition Free- negro-equality Senator Harriman made an Abolition oration." The reader can readily perceive the meaning intended to be conveyed; that we presided over an abolition meeting that met for the purpose of celebrating the fourth of July. If to have officiated at the celebration of the last fourth, and to have proposed three cheers for the glorious old Union stamps us as a Republican, we are willing to be one. There were many gentlemen associated with us in celebrating the last National Anniversary, (such as the writer of the infamous article contained in the last *Merced Banner*, never had the privilege of enjoying) men who, as democrats, are above suspicion.

The article accuses us of being a Black Republican. Well, here where we are best known, our political opponents stamp you as a fool, and our friends stigmatize you as a liar, and very deservedly so, too. If because we are opposed to the disruption of our government by a few crazy fanatics, we came in for all this tirade of abuse; if because we oppose the enormous and wicked crime of a portion of the people of the particular section where we were raised we become subject to the vile and scurrilous attacks a being, who through pity we provided for in times when just recovering from a loathsome disease, a being who has proven himself utterly devoid of all feelings of gratitude, honor and truth, if this be the case, recharge your venomous phial of slander and vituperation, and hurl forth your illiberal bolts of calumny at one who would fain draw down to your own disgusting level, but be assured your work is lost, we can never be induced to wallow in the slime of perjured faith and abandoned honor you have chosen. And now, Mr. L. P. Hall, alias Long Primer Hall, alias Leonidas Pearson Hall, we leave you, and shall not again notice you, or any thing you may say. You have wantonly and unprovokedly attempted to insult and injure us.—We know your writing by the ear-marks.

We ask the forbearance of our readers for using the above language, but the attack was so uncalculated for and malicious that we could not have said less and done ourselves justice. When attacked, we are bound to defend ourself.

THE REPUBLICAN-ABOLITION PARTY of this place are particularly industrious just now in preparing the wires to be worked at the convention to take place at Auburn to-morrow. There does not appear to be that harmony and unanimity of feeling among the faithful as would indicate the success of their principles that has for the past three years been given the party. The action of the Democracy in this county has operated as a firebrand in their midst; they are in confusion, and in the general scramble for office will probably find that the people are sick of the noxious doses of misrepresentation and unfilled promises of reform with which they have been surfeited ever since that party has been in power. We hear of several new-fledged Republicans who are aspirants for the paying offices in the county, some of whom appear to have acquired quite an influence with the party in their particular localities; this may be all well with the Republicans, but with others it would not do; we think that those who have heretofore strung out their curses by the measure should remain awhile in the class-room before they offer themselves as priests in opposition to old and tried members. But these things, of course, we have no say in, further than to be solicitous for the election of the best men.

FAIR.—We learn that the lady members of the Temperance Division of this place, contemplate holding a Fair on the evenings of the 3d and 4th of July next, for charitable purposes. All the arrangements have yet to be made, but those engaged are not likely to leave anything undone that may tend to the interest or enjoyment of those who attend. Fine work, manufactured by the ladies, and exposed for sale.—Our gallants will do well to supply themselves on the days mentioned with a little cash.

GONE HOME.—During the past week several of our townsmen have started for their Eastern homes. We wish them a speedy and safe journey to their friends at home, and a quick return to their friends in the land of their adoption.

ESSENCE OF MEANNESS.—All of our readers will doubtless remember that when Massachusetts found herself unable to furnish her quota of troops called for by the Secretary of War, our own State was requested to sink its identity and furnish a battalion for the Massachusetts portion. To induce our citizens to enlist, Massachusetts promised each one a free passage to Boston and a bounty of fifty dollars from her private treasury, but on the arrival of the volunteers in the East they were compelled to relinquish the bounty money in favor of Amos A. Lawrence, and submit to this swindling, rascally transaction or be imprisoned and fed on bread and water. This is the good faith that Governor Andrew and the balance of those intense negro worshippers keep with those who are willing to battle for the perpetuity of the principles of the Government? One of the volunteers writing from Boston to the San Francisco *Alta*, says:

For several days we have had considerable excitement in camp, caused by an order requiring every man in the battalion to sign an order on the State Treasurer for fifty dollars, this being the amount of State bounty paid to each volunteer on his enlistment. Now most of the men expected to be paid this bounty, but it seems that Major Thompson had pledged the bounty money to Amos A. Lawrence of Boston, who thereupon advanced a note and pay part of the bounty to the battalion from San Francisco to New York; hence every man was directed to assign his bounty to Mr. Lawrence, by giving him an order on the Treasurer for it. This almost every man in the battalion refused to do. Then came threats of "guard-house and bread and water," etc., etc. After pay part of the bounty was refused, seeing that it was no use to contend for their rights against so heavy odds, many of the men signed the order at the same time denouncing the whole transaction as unfair and rascally in the extreme. In San Francisco, it was advertised and understood that the transportation of the battalion had been ordered by the Government, and when we arrived here, we found the way it had been "provided for" was, that it should be paid with our State bounty.—Not satisfied with us, Californians coming here to fill up the Massachusetts quota, but that we should pay our own passage, in the bargain. And now we have an order from the Government, such subscription shall have a furlough to go home, or even a pass to go beyond the lines of the camp, unless he signs the bounty order.

ANOTHER ROAD.—We learn from good authority that there is a new road building from Bear valley to Red Bluffs, which shortens the distance three miles, besides giving a most beautiful grade. In addition to this, we also learn that Judge Hale of Auburn, and J. P. Robinson, of railroad fame, are about to construct a first rate wagon road from Dutch Flat to Bear valley and from thence connecting with the new road at Red Bluffs. The distance from Dutch Flat to Bear valley is eleven miles, and from Bear valley to Bowman's nine miles. By the new road to Bear valley the distance from Nevada to that point is but 21 miles, and thus, the distance from here to Bowman's via Bear valley is but 30—*N. Trans.*

Yes, sir, Messrs. Hale and Robinson passed through this place last week on the "look out" for a new road, and we believe, found one, for there was a train of Chinamen passed through here on Tuesday, said to be heading for the opposition road. Well, "the more the merrier." But we do wonder why they don't give white men a chance, when there are so many worthy ones out of employment.

SEE TO IT.—We notice in the report of the last Grand Jury of this county a recommendation that the Recorder notify persons who had deeds and mortgages recorded during the term of W. A. Selkirk, the Republican-Abolitionist who held that office two years ago, that their instruments were not legally recorded. This is but a trifling instance of the general ineptitude of these hypocritical Union-shirkers, for office.

COMPLIMENTS of this office are politely tendered to J. W. Sullivan, of San Francisco, for large bundles of Eastern magazines, papers and periodicals. Mr. Sullivan is a prompt, enterprising news dealer; he is also agent for the old established commercial papers at the East, persons wishing to become subscribers to such journals can do so by forwarding the price to him.

DEMOCRATIC CALL.

The following is the call issued by the Oroville Democratic Club; and we notice by our exchanges that it is being responded to generally in nearly every county in the State. There is apparently a great revolution now taking place in the minds of the conservative masses. This action on the part of the Democracy will be the death-blow to the Republicans. The people in their strength and majesty are rising to throw off the chains which have encircled them for the last three years, and by their action prove that they are yet equal to the task of preserving the country from utter ruin. We have always had faith in the good sense of the people; that they would take upon themselves the duty of freeing themselves from the rule of those whose only object has been the spoils with a reckless disregard of the rights and welfare of the masses.

WHEREAS, The Democratic Clubs composed of a majority of the citizens of Butte County who have been heretofore divided between two organizations claiming superior legitimacy in the Democratic party, now merging all past differences of opinion in the momentous issue involved in the present troubles of the country, perilling alike its unity and constitutional liberties, have unanimously agreed by resolutions, sent to this Club, to call a State Convention of the Democracy, at a time and place set forth in their resolutions, and have asked us to concur with and join them in the same, and we therefore adopt said resolutions as follows:

RESOLVED, First, That a State Convention of the Democracy be called to meet at SACRAMENTO ON THE EIGHTH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1863, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several State offices, and for the transaction of such other business as may legitimately come before it.

Second, That all legal voters be permitted to participate in the primary elections, who are in favor—1st, Of adhering unalterably to the Constitution of the United States with all its guarantees of civil liberty unimpaired—2d, Of the restoration and preservation of the American Union—3d, Of supporting the Government in all constitutional and legal efforts to perpetuate its existence against all hostile forces arrayed in opposition to it—4th—And who are opposed to the principles and present policy of the National Administration.

Third, That the Democracy in all the Counties of this State are requested to send Delegates to said Convention, and to make known their acquiescence in this call by publishing the action taken by them in their Clubs, Mass meetings and County Conventions, in the Sacramento, Republican, Marysville Express, Butte Record, and other Democratic papers.

JUDGE MCKUNE'S DECISION.

The following decision was rendered in the injunction suit between J. P. Robinson vs. The Supervisors of Sacramento county, June 6th.

By an Act of our State Legislature, approved April 25, 1863, the defendants, as such Board, were required to order a special election in said county to submit to the qualified electors thereof a proposition for the Board to take and subscribe three thousand shares of the capital stock of the Central Pacific Railroad Company. By such Act of the defendants, as such Board, as soon as practicable after an affirmative vote on said proposition, were authorized, directed, and required to prepare and issue to said company the bonds of the city and county of Sacramento, to the number of six hundred, in the sum of five hundred dollars each, payable to the order of the holder thereof at the expiration of thirty years from the date, with interest at eight per cent. per annum.

By the terms of said Act the President of the Board of Supervisors was authorized to subscribe for stock of the company to the amount of 3,000 shares, and the bonds were to be delivered to the Company from time to time, in payment for such stock, not exceeding the proportional amount paid by other stockholders.

The election was held pursuant to law, and a majority of the votes cast were in favor of the proposition, and the defendants are about to subscribe for such capital stock, and to issue such company in payment thereof.

The plaintiff avers in his complaint that the said company has contracted debts and liabilities to the extent of \$2,000,000, and is proceeding to construct a railroad at an expense of \$10,000,000 additional. That in case such subscription be made and said bonds issued to the company, the county thus becomes a stockholder in such railroad, a large and onerous taxation will become a necessity upon the taxable property of the county, greatly impairing the value of the property of plaintiff and causing him irreparable injury.

Section 10 of the Act of April 25th providing that the subscription of said stock be made upon the express condition that the said city and county of Sacramento shall not be liable or bound for the debts or liabilities of said company beyond or exceeding the amount of stock thus held or subscribed by said city and county; and all contracts made by said company for the construction or equipment of such railroad, and such subscription shall have been made shall be subject to said condition, whether expressed therein or not.

We rule to show cause why an injunction shall not issue restraining the defendant from taking stock in the company and issuing bonds pursuant to the statute. It is urged by counsel for the plaintiff:

First—That the Act limiting the liability of the county is unconstitutional, because in conflict with Section 36, Article 4, of the State Constitution.

Second—The Act makes special provisions in favor of a particular corporation, and is in conflict with Section 31, Article 4, of the Constitution.

These questions are not new to our Courts, and by the light of reported cases it is not difficult to reach a conclusion with reasonable certainty of being correct.

In the case of Patterson vs. The Board of Supervisors of Yuba county (12 Cal. 173), most of the questions argued before me were raised and distinctly decided by our Supreme Court. Justice Baldwin (page 189) says, in the opinion of the Court: "The result of the case is that the Legislature has a right to authorize a local tax for the purpose of internal improvement, and it may authorize the local authorities to impose the tax, by or without a submission of the proposition to the people, and that it is not essential that the improvement should be within or confined to the locality taxed, and that a subscription for stock to be paid for by taxation is a valid contract to pay."

The Act of April 25, 1863, which the Board of Supervisors of Yuba county were proceeding, is perfectly analogous in all essential particulars with the Act of April 25, 1863, and the decision of our Supreme Court in Patterson vs. The Board of Supervisors is my guide in the decision of this case.

One question, however, not decided in that case is relied on by the plaintiff.

Section 10 of the Act of the 25th of April, 1863, provides that the subscription of stock shall be made upon an express condition, which condition agrees in conflict with Art. IV, Sec. 36, of the Constitution. That article reads: "Each stockholder of a corporation or joint stock association shall be individually and personally liable for his proportion of all debts and liabilities of the corporation or association, which shall not be liable?" I think not. The by-laws of the company herein made defendant contain a clause requiring all contracts made by said company to contain a clause exempting individual members of the company from liability beyond their subscription. A person thus contracting with the company would not enforce a claim beyond that sum. Yet other contracts might be entered into not containing such a clause. In such case a liability might be incurred beyond such subscription, and the company then be made liable for a greater sum than \$300,000. This might have been urged, no doubt, with force before the Legislature passing the Act, against its passage, or before the people to induce them to negative the proposition by their votes. But it is available in a Court called to enforce the law as it is found on the statute book.

The act of April 25, 1867, section eighteen, provided that neither the Board of Supervisors for the county of Yuba, nor the inhabitants thereof, shall in any event be liable for the debts of said Railroad Company in any amount beyond the subscription made.

The Act in question in this case can be enforced without the tenth section. The theory of the law is that everybody is presumed to know its provisions, as it will finally be held, and if that section is nugatory all parties are presumed to act with a knowledge of the law. True, the county may become deeply involved, or it may derive a revenue which will relieve it from the burdens of taxation, or it may be otherwise benefited or injured by the construction of the road. The Legislature, and afterward the people of the county, on mature deliberation, decided to incur the risk for the sake of the benefits, and from their decision their lies no appeal. Courts cannot interfere in such cases.

The questions are: First, Had the Legislature the power to authorize the city and county of Sacramento to take stock in the Central Pacific Railroad Company? Second, Is the county proceeding to take such stock?

These questions are held by me in the affirmative, and an order will be made denying the injunction and dissolving the restraining order issued herein by the County Judge.

Section thirty-one, Article IV, of the Constitution only provides that corporations shall not be created by special Act. Here is no attempt to create or enlarge the power of a corporation, and the Act is not void by reason of conflict with that Article.

PLUNKETISM.—Mrs. States, at the close of the performance for her benefit, in San Francisco, on Thursday night, was presented with a purse containing \$700 in gold.—*San. Bee.*

The unselfish donors of that purse would have better shown their good sense by donating that money to the poor of San Francisco, and would have displayed their patriotism by giving a similar sum to the Sanitary Fund.

A SPLENDID TIME.—The editor of the *Opelousas (La.) Banner*, commenting on the new military law of Louisiana, which compels nearly the whole male population to go into the army, is very severe on Louisiana legislation. He says: "In times like these, it is difficult to tell whether it is greater to be rich or to be poor, to be an old man or to be young, to be a man or a woman, an American or a Turk. If a man were right sure of Heaven, this would be a splendid time to die."

GRAND JURY REPORT.

To the Honorable the Court of Sessions of the county of Placer, May Term, A. D. 1873:

The Grand Jury, summoned to compare into all causes properly coming before them for examination, respectfully report as follows:

That they have had under consideration nine cases and found five true bills, and ignored four bills.

They have examined the public buildings of the county, and find them properly kept, and have also examined the books of the present County officers and found them correct, as far as examined.

In the Recorder's office during the term of W. A. Selkirk, we find deeds and mortgages not properly recorded, and would suggest that the County Recorder notify the parties interested in order that they may have an opportunity to have them recorded in legal form.

E. L. BRADLEY, Foreman.

IN MEMORY.

At a regular meeting of Olive Lodge, No. 81, I. O. O. F., held in Dutch Flat on Wednesday evening, June 26, 1863, the following preamble and resolutions, expressive of the feelings of the Lodge, were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Supreme Ruler of the Universe in His inscrutable ways to take from our fraternal fold our well beloved brother JAMES PRINCE, therefore

Resolved, That in the sudden and untimely death, and the terrible circumstances, which caused his demise, Olive Lodge has sustained the loss of a worthy and zealous member, whose memory a warm and sincere friend and brother, the community a good citizen, and the country an ardent patriot. And be it further

Resolved, That we, as a Lodge, offer our respectful and affectionate condolences to the bereaved family of our deceased brother and that we cordially sympathize with them in their bereavement.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, and a copy be sent to the widow of our late brother.

E. B. ROUST, Committee.
W. H. HILLCROFT, Sec.

Resolved, That a copy of the above preamble and resolutions be furnished the Dutch Flat Enquirer for publication.

E. B. ROUST, Rec. Sec.

MARRIED.

In Auburn, on Sunday, the 23rd inst., at the residence of R. R. Patten, Esq., by the Rev. A. M. Alford, Mr. Robert Gustafson and Mrs. Mary K. Alford, all of the above places.

BORN.

In Dutch Flat, June 26, the wife of James H. Jones, of a son.

DIED.

At Auburn, on Wednesday, the 25th inst., the infant son of S. D. Ward, aged three weeks.

On Friday, May 29th, at Secret Bayview, John W. son of John W. and Nancy J. Simpson, aged one year.

At Stewart's Flat, Placer county, on Saturday, May 23d, 1863, James Henry, aged six years, six months and five days.

On the same day, Carrie Isabelle, aged four years, nine months and eight days—beloved children of John T. and Mary G. Kimball.

DEMOCRATIC CALL.

The Democrats of Dutch Flat precinct are requested to meet at the Golden Eagle Hall, on Saturday, June 13th, 1863, at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of forming a Democratic Club. All attendance is requested.

J. A. S. SIOEMAKER, Chairman.
Chas. A. Esch, Dem. Con. Com.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT it is my intention to apply to the Board of Supervisors of Placer county, at their next regular session, for the renewal of a license to keep a toll-gate at Ford's Bar, on the North Fork of the American River, for footmen and horses.

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE. The undersigned informs the ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he has now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Amalgams and Photographs taken to order. The best selection of posing facilities in the "Old Fats at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

May 28, 1863—47.
O. B. SILVER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of the order of the Probate Court of the County of Placer in the State of California, made on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1863, in the matter of the estate of Robert M. Trim deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate will sell public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in parcels, and subject to confirmation by said court, on Saturday the 27th day of June, A. D. 1863, at eleven o'clock of said day in front of the office of Hall & Allen, in the town of Dutch Flat, in the said county of Placer, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said deceased at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest the said late has by operation of law, or otherwise acquired in the following described parcels of land and property, situated, lying and being in the said town of Dutch Flat and county of Placer, to-wit:

One ranch known as Trim's garden, situated on the south side of the Dutch Flat ravine and bounded on the north-east by a lot formerly owned by Thomas Bowen, now by John Foster, on the south-west by a lot owned by Wm. Rogers, on the north by and fronting on and to the Dutch Flat ravine, and extending westerly and easterly about four hundred and eighty feet, and extending back southerly, the same width between the lots of Foster and Rogers five hundred feet. Also, the undivided one-fourth part of a certain mining claim, known as the Empire Livery Stable, in the said town of Dutch Flat, situated on the south side of Main street, and fronting thirty feet thereon and extending back the same width between the lots of Foster and Rogers five hundred feet, bounded on the east corner of Cole & Co.'s ground being the east corner of the said late and extending westerly and fronting on the Dutch Flat ravine two hundred feet from the west corner of Cole & Co.'s mining ground, the north-west corner of Cole & Co.'s ground being the east corner of the said late and extending westerly and fronting on the Dutch Flat ravine two hundred feet.

The terms of sale, cash; twenty per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the administrator on the day of sale, the balance on confirmation of sale by said probate court; deed at expense of purchaser.

ALLIN TOWLE, Administrator of R. M. Trim deceased.
Dutch Flat, May 27th, 1863—3m

Dry Goods and Clothing Store OPENED BY DUTCH FLAT.

(A few doors below W. & P. Nichols' Banking House,) by

CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., neatly kept in any store in the State, which I will sell at the lowest California prices. Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to purchase or not.

Jan 20th

NATIONAL HOTEL.

(One door above Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office)

J. A. Shoemaker, Proprietor.

FINE PROPRIETOR WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of his friends and the public generally to his hotel which has recently been renovated, refitted and refurnished, at considerable expense, and is now, in point of accommodations, second to none in the mountains. The rooms are pleasantly and comfortably arranged and well ventilated.

Board, per Week, \$6.00

The table will be supplied with the best the market affords of every variety in their season.

A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Parties to be lodged may be assured that no inconveniences common in any hotel in this State will be found wanting.

April 9—47

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL, AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

Corner of Main and Stockton Streets.

CHARLES SEFFENS, PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS HOTEL is desirous of informing the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity as well as the traveling public that he is now making large additions to his heretofore spacious hotel, which will render it one of the most comfortable and commodious ones in the mountains. He is now, as formerly, prepared to accommodate those who may favor him with their patronage with well aired rooms, clean beds, and fare not surpassed in the State. The Stage route is kept at this hotel, and persons booking their fares will be called at any hour. Grateful for past patronage he solicits a portion in future.

may 14—47

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE.

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

H. H. HILLCROFT & CO., RESPECTFULLY inform the public of Dutch Flat that they have a large stock of boots and shoes, and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES, LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufacturers together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, which they are enabled, from their connection with houses below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap 3—47

NOTICE.

C. HARVEY & CO., HAVING DISPOSED of their entire stock to Mr. A. H. Davis, would notify all persons having claims against the old firm in present, then immediately, and those indebted to them by note, account or otherwise will please call and settle their indebtedness with Wm. Hooper who is alone authorized to settle the business of C. H. Harvey & Co.

May 19, 1863—47

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY!

JOHN H. ROBERTSON, Proprietor.

FINE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABLISHMENT has removed to the new building on Main street, and is now prepared to furnish the public with the best of bread, cakes and pies, always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars! and an assortment of confectionery

